

ADJECTIVES & ADVERBS

RULES TO FOLLOW



ADJECTIVES

- Modifies Nouns
- Modifies Pronouns



- It tells what kind of person, place, or thing. A noun or a pronoun is.
- It may also point out which one or how many.

• The ship was an English vessel. (what kind)

- This factory is mine. (which one)
- Many people enjoy the <u>annual</u> dinner. (how many, which one)



AN ADVERB:

 Modifies an active verb or a verb phrase by expressing manner, place, time, degree, or number.



TYPES OF ADVERBS:

- Simple
- Interrogative
- Negative

• SIMPLE:

- She moved quietly. (Manner and tell how)
- I waited <u>there</u> for an hour. (Place and tell where)
- You may leave <u>soon</u>. (Time, tells when)
- I called you <u>once</u>. (Number, tells how many)
- He sat <u>very</u> still. (Degree, tells how much)



- Introduces a sentence that asks a question
- where, when, why and how

- Interrogative:
 - When will you return?
 - How is the trunk being sent?



Negative Adverb

- Denies or contradicts a statement
- no, not, never, only, scarcely and hardly

Note: two negative adverbs should not be used together.

- Negative
- - I can scarcely believe my eyes. (correct)
- I haven't no more sea shells. (incorrect)



 almost finally seldom unusually certainly hardly quite so usually just rather very rather fairly nearly too scarcely well This powerpoint was kindly donated to www.worldofteaching.com

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